

POSITIONS OF THE PLANETS

PLANETARY POSITIONS WITH RESPECT TO THE SUN:

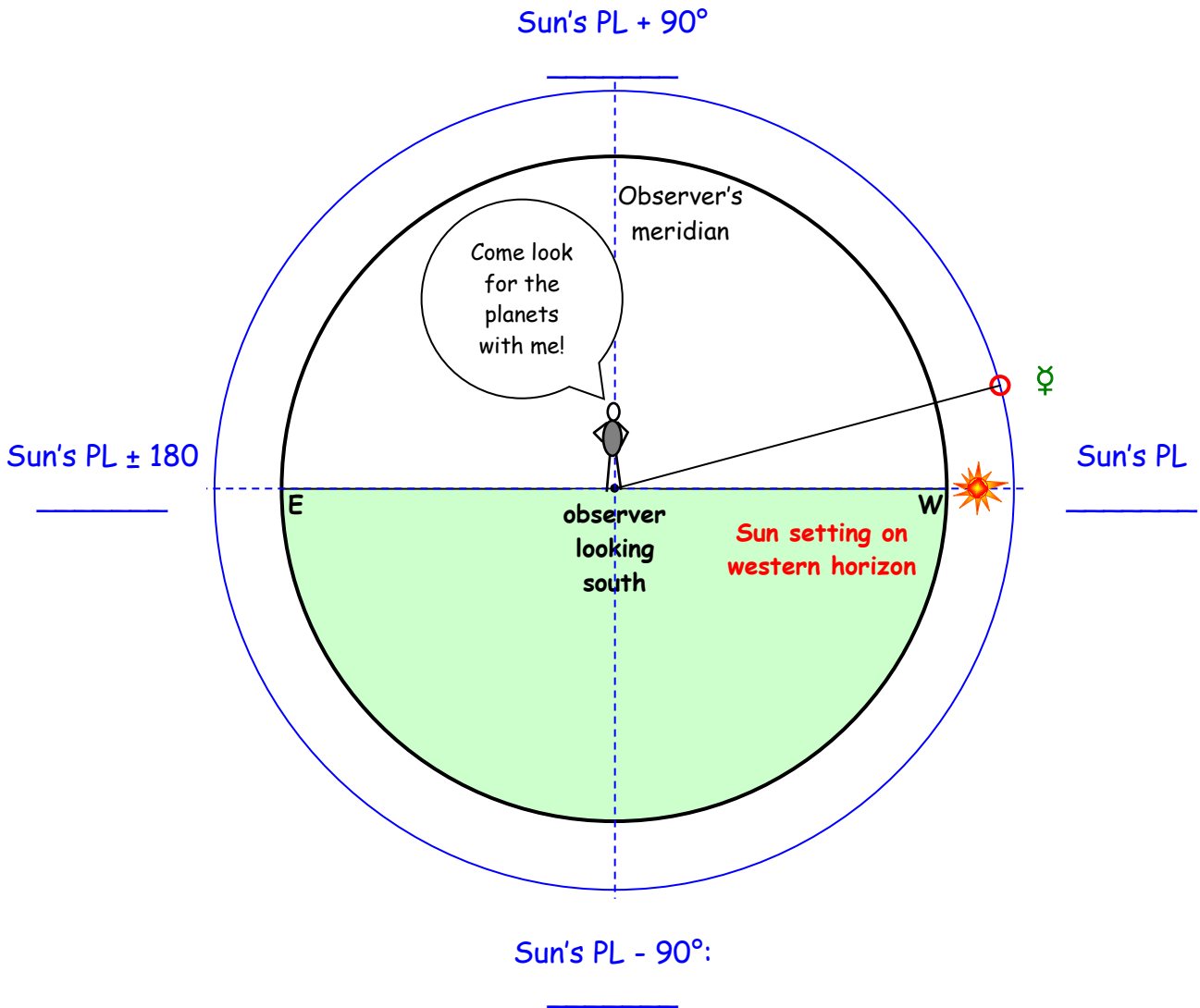
Use appendix 11 in the Field Guide for **March 15, 2024** to complete the following table²⁰:

Planets
in order
of orbit
distance
from
the Sun.

Object	Planetary Longitude	Atlas Chart #	Constellation	Elongation
Sol (☉)				ZERO!
Mercury (☿)	10	21	Pisces	$(360+10) - 355 = 15^\circ \text{ E}$
Venus (♀)				
Mars (♂)				
Jupiter (♃)				
Saturn (♄)				

PLANETARY POSITIONS IN THE SKY¹²

The digram below shows an observer looking south at sunset. From the planetary longitude of the sun and planets above, show where the planets will be in the observer's sky (some may be below the horizon). Discuss how these positions correspond to the times the planets will be visible to this observer (eg. after sunset, before sunrise or most of the night). Check out <https://in-the-sky.org/solarsystem.php>!



PLANETARY POSITIONS IN THE SOLAR SYSTEM¹⁰

A view of the solar system as seen FROM ABOVE THE NORTH ECLIPTIC POLE with the sun in the center is shown below. The line from the Earth (🌍) to the Sun (☀️) represents the planetary longitude of the sun. For each of the five visible planets,

- 1) **Center a protractor on the Earth**, measure the elongation angle **from the sun's longitude**.
- 2) Use a ruler to determine **where this crosses the orbit of the planet** you're plotting, and mark the planet's position on its orbit.

Special Note: Can you be certain where Mercury and Venus are in their orbits? How many positions for each planet are possible? What information will help you figure this out?

